



Yavapai County

Our Mission: "Yavapai County will serve and protect its citizens through efficient management of all its resources to enhance the lives of those we serve."



For Immediate Release
6/2/2020 9:42 AM

For further information, contact: Terri Farneti, Public Health Coordinator
928.442.5596

June 2nd Update - Yavapai County Community Health Services Yavapai County reports 302 COVID-19 Cases

Apache	1,569	Coconino	1,173	Cochise	89	Graham	37	Greenlee	8
Gila	35	La Paz	92	Maricopa	10,536	Mohave	409	Navajo	1,957
Pima	2,496	Pinal	909	Santa Cruz	365	Yavapai	302	Yuma	1,275

336,589 Arizonans have been tested by COVID-19, with **21,250** positive cases and **941** deaths. Yavapai County has tested **11,458** residents, with **302** positive cases, **143** recovered, and **6** deaths. Yavapai Regional Medical Center reports **no** COVID hospitalizations or persons under investigation (PUI). Verde Valley Medical Center reports no hospitalizations with COVID and **19** PUIs. The VA has reported no hospitalizations or PUIs for COVID-19.

Health Equity is providing every person with the same opportunity to stay healthy and/or effectively cope with disease and crisis - regardless of their socio-economic conditions, race, gender, ethnicity, age, social status, and other socially determined factors - by identifying and addressing community- and group-specific barriers that prevent people from leading healthy and productive lives.

The concept of "*health equity*" means different things to different people and communities. Mainly because key social factors and other barriers (also defined as the "*social determinants of health*"—the conditions in places where people live, work and play, which affect a wide range of health risks and outcomes) that may prevent people from adopting a healthy lifestyle, staying healthy, or coping with disease and crisis often vary from one community to another.

For example, in some communities an important barrier to health equity may be the lack of access to affordable healthy food (e.g., in the case of food deserts). In other communities—such as in case of many towns in rural America—lack of adequate transportation systems may limit the ability of aging community members to reach healthcare services for routine checkups and other medical needs. As another example, social discrimination—such as in the case of racism, gender inequalities, xenophobia, unfair bias toward the LGBTQI+ community, or the stigma of poverty and related bias toward people from low socio-economic backgrounds— affects and intersects with many other social determinants of health, such as stress levels, access to employment and adequate housing, educational attainment, and access to quality and culturally-relevant health services, among others.

Public health as a collective force has the tools, knowledge, and expertise to address these issues, and in light of the pandemic, public health is receiving more acknowledgement of its role in society to alleviate suffering, to find solutions, and to work together to not only address, amplify, and create solid plans to dismantle the structures of inequity that do so much harm to our fellow citizens.

- **Food Sharing in Chino Valley tonight 5-7:00 p.m.** - Saint Catherine Laboure Catholic Church, 2062 AZ-89

- Food Sharing Thursdays at Mayer Elementary and High School, and Cordes Park from 8:30-9:30 a.m. Volunteers Needed!
- For Yavapai County data and COVID-19 Resources for Re-Opening, www.yavapai.us/chs
- The Yavapai Emergency Phone Bank - 928-442-5103 M-F, 8-5.
- Arizona 2-1-1: A resource for all the time, not just during COVID-19. <https://211arizona.org/>
- COVID-19 information en español: <https://azhealth.gov/covid-19>
- #Yavapai Stronger Together - <https://justicementalhealth.com/resources-support/#covid19>