## Yavapai County



Our Mission: "Yavapai County will serve and protect its citizens through efficient management of all its resources to enhance the lives of those we

Communit

For Immediate Release Tuesday, May 12, 2020

For further information, contact: Terri Farneti, Public Health Coordinator 928.442.5596

## May 12<sup>th</sup> Update - Yavapai County Community Health Services Yavapai County reports 221 COVID-19 Cases, Additional Recoveries

Apache	744	Coconino	720	Cochise	43	Graham	20	Greenlee	2
Gila	19	La Paz	22	Maricopa	6.219	Mohave	207	Navaio	1.017
Pima	1,623	Pinal	636	Santa Cruz	51	Yavapai	221	Yuma	207

**159,092** Arizonans have been tested for COVID-19 with **11,736** positive cases and **562** deaths. Yavapai County has tested **5,320** residents (4,083 PCR tests, 1,237 antibody tests), **221** positives, **20** recovered, and **4** deaths. The YCCHS staff continue to critically assess test data. VVMC reports **no** hospitalizations from COVID-19, with **10** persons under investigation (PUI). YRMC reports **2** hospitalizations with COVID-19, **7** PUIs on West Campus, **1** on the East Campus. The VA has no COVID-19 hospitalizations or PUIs.

## **New Developments in COVID-19:**

## Pediatric Inflammatory Multisystem Syndrome - Rare, but Concerning

serve."

The coronavirus has largely spared children. Most confirmed to be infected have had only mild symptoms, but pediatricians across the world have recently started to alert epidemiologists to cases of a new disease preliminarily named Pediatric Multi-System Inflammatory Syndrome, which is likely related to the COVID-19 pandemic. Parents need to be aware of this syndrome; however, they do not need to panic.

Symptoms can include fever, rash, reddish eyes, swollen lymph nodes and sharp abdominal pain. They do not usually include two common hallmarks of Covid-19: cough and shortness of breath. The syndrome can bear some resemblance to a rare childhood illness called Kawasaki disease, but as doctors learn more, they are emphasizing that the two conditions are not the same.

What is Remdesivir? Remdesivir doesn't cure coronavirus. The experimental drug, which may speed up recovery from a COVID-19 infection, may be the best treatment we have against a virus that's on a global rampage. Late last week, the FDA authorized emergency use (AEU) of the antiviral drug, however no drugs are currently FDA-approved for treating COVID-19, and Remdesivir will still need formal approval. The move for AEU came on the heels of preliminary results from a clinical trial that found patients treated with Remdesivir had a 31 percent faster recovery than those who received a placebo. Average recovery was shortened to 11 days from 15 days, and the drug also slightly decreased the likelihood of dying from COVID-19.

Supply of Remdesivir is limited, and its currently reserved for the sickest COVID-19 patients — those with blood oxygen levels at or below 94 percent and who require supplemental oxygen. The White House and FEMA have stepped in to help coordinate distribution.

- For Yavapai County data and COVID-19 Resources for Re-Opening, www.yavapai.us/chs
- The Yavapai Emergency Phone Bank 928-442-5103 M-F, 8-5. Weekends, call 2-1-1.
- COVID-19 information en español: https://azhealth.gov/covid-19